

REDUCE YOUR COST OF LIVING

THE FAIR is the reliable store that keeps up the quality of its merchandise no matter how low it cuts the prices.

GROCERIES, MEATS AND FISH

Athletic Goods
Automobile Supplies
Boats and Launches
Bicycles
Dry Goods
Business Stationery
Clothing
Cutlery
Cigars and Tobacco
Fishing Tackle
Rods and Reels
Guns, Revolvers
Ammunition
Gloves
Golf Goods
Harness and Saddles

Hardware and Tools
Hats and Caps
Incubators and Brooders
Jewelry and Silverware
Neckwear
Nets and Seines
Office Supplies
Pipes and Smokers' Articles
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs
Sporting Goods
Shoes
Tents and Awnings
Trunks and Suit Cases
Umbrellas
Underwear
Watches

THE FAIR

State, Adams and Dearborn Sts. Phone Exchange 3 Mail Orders Filled
Chicago—Established 1875 by E. J. Lehmann



JOSEPH SABATH.

Judge of the Municipal Court Nominated for Circuit Judge by the Democrats.

SPORT AND POLITICS

Notes About Men and Their Doings in the Two Great Fields of National Pastime.

WHITE SOX HOME GAMES.

Date. Team.
June 27, 28, 29, 30.....St. Louis
July 9, 10, 11, 12.....Washington
July 13, 14, 15, 16.....Philadelphia
August 14, 15.....Detroit
August 18, 19, 20.....Boston
August 21, 22, 23.....New York
August 27, 28, 29.....Philadelphia
September 4, 5, 6.....Cleveland
September 7, 8.....Detroit
October 1, 2, 3.....St. Louis

Judge Merritt W. Pinckney deserves re-election on his record.

Judge Joseph Sabath has long been regarded by The Eagle as one of the very best magistrates on the municipal bench. We have often taken occasion to call attention to the many good public qualities of our friend and now that he is a candidate for election to the Circuit bench, we hope that he will be elected. He is eminently qualified for the place, as he is able, just and humane. Nominated as a Democrat he is entitled to the votes of all members of that party. Judged by his past record, he is entitled to the votes of members of all parties.

Judge Charles A. Williams has pleased his friends by his fine record on the Municipal bench.

Thomas Taylor, Jr., would make a good Circuit Judge.

Thomas G. Windes, who is every inch a judge, as he has shown in his many years' service on the Circuit Bench, will undoubtedly be re-elected by a large majority. He certainly deserves to be.

Francis D. Connerly will make a good comptroller of the Sanitary District.

McKenzie Cleland, the able former judge, is a man who is never afraid to stand up for what he believes to be right.

Charles R. Francis was appointed city attorney and will succeed N. L. Piotrowski. His appointment does not need to be confirmed by the Council.

Mayor Thompson has a chance to employ a lot of good men as examiners at \$5 per day by firing the fellows now holding jobs illegally.

Judge Charles A. Williams has never disappointed the public. His record is clear.

Captain Percy D. Coffin is making a good record in his new position as president of the Civil Service Commission. He evidently is opposed to maintaining a lodging house for incapables at public expense.

Judge George Kersten has made a splendid record on the bench.

Colin C. H. Fyffe, the well known lawyer, is one of the best of authorities on municipal and corporation law.

Sidney Adler, the well known lawyer, is in the front rank of boomers of his native city—Chicago.

Judge Kiekham Scanlan is making a record on the bench that is commended by everybody.

Judge Frank Baker has made a good record on the Circuit bench.

Judge Joseph Sabath is a good Municipal magistrate.

Judge R. S. Tuthill grows in popularity as the years roll by.

William J. O'Brien, former senator and alderman, is making a wonderful success in his theatrical business.

Fortune Bros. Brewing Company's Topaz, the High Grade Beer, is popular with everybody. Telephones Monroe 49 and 41.—Advertisement.

Any man that puts an article in reach of overworked women to lighten her labor is certainly a benefactor. Dobbins' Soap Mfg. Co., surely come under this head in making DOBBINS' ELECTRIC SOAP so cheap that all can use it. You give it a trial.—Adv.

Voters of Cook County, Listen!

Republican candidates for the judiciary are loyal Republicans, patriots and men with a full measure of human sympathy.

They are versed in the law, have judicial temperaments, and appreciate fully the quality of mercy.

Republican Ticket

For Associate Justice of the Supreme Court
Seventh Judicial District

☐ ORRIN N. CARTER

For Judges of the Circuit Court

☐ JESSE A. BALDWIN

☐ KICKHAM SCANLAN

☐ MERRITT W. PINCKNEY

☐ FREDERICK A. SMITH

☐ RICHARD S. TUTHILL

☐ JOHN GIBBONS

☐ JESSE HOLDOM

☐ VICTOR P. ARNOLD

☐ DAVID M. BROTHERS

☐ CHARLES M. THOMSON

☐ CARL R. CHINDBLOM

☐ EDWARD H. TAYLOR

☐ DAVID F. MATCHETT

☐ ANDREW J. REDMOND

☐ GEORGE F. BARRETT

☐ DONALD R. RICHBERG

☐ THOMAS J. PEDEN

☐ THOMAS TAYLOR, JR.

☐ THOMAS J. GRAYDON

☐ OSCAR M. TORRISON

For Judge of the Superior Court

☐ THEODORE BRENTANO

For Judge of the Superior Court
(To fill vacancy)

☐ ROBERT E. TURNEY

They were nominated with due regard for the needs of all the people of Cook County.

They ought to be elected for they stand for an advanced and an efficient judicial system in the county.

They are backed by a reunited and victorious Republican party.

Their names will appear on the official ballot under the Republican heading and in the order shown.

Guard against error, or the possibility of having your ballot thrown out, by placing a cross in the circle at the head of the column. However, if you have some friend on another ticket for whom you wish to vote then put an additional cross in front of his name, and crosses in front of nineteen republican candidates for the circuit court. Be sure not to vote for more than twenty candidates for the Circuit Court. You may vote for any twenty Circuit Court candidates you choose, whether their names are opposite each other, or elsewhere on the ballot.

JUDICIAL ELECTION

Monday, June 7, 1915

From 8 A. M. Until 4 P. M.



JOHN GIBBONS.

Judge of the Circuit Court and Candidate for Re-Election on the Republican Ticket.

CIVIL SERVICE BUNK

How Many Examinations in Chicago Are Framed Up for Favorites to Shut Out Ordinary Citizens?

The People of Chicago demand a thorough investigation of the Civil Service Commission's department of the city government.

They demand an investigation that will go back for years and unearth the treacherous and illegal treatment accorded to honest citizens for the benefit of a chosen few.

They demand an investigation into all of the examinations that have been held in order that the public may be informed as to how many, if any, of them were on the square.

They demand an investigation of the numerous examinations held for the benefit of particular persons, where questions were asked which could only be answered by the persons whose appointment in the civil service was evidently arranged for in advance.

The people are paying \$100,000 a year for the administration of the civil service law in the city government.

They are paying \$100,000 a year for a roosting place for men to make out "psychological" examination papers.

In a recent examination for stenographers the easiest word handed out for them to typewrite quickly was "eleemosynary."

Is any one foolish enough to suppose that this examination was on the square and that these hard words were not asked to keep out people who were not of the favored class?

New departments, entirely unnecessary, have been created in the civil service for pet faddists and high-brow loafers.

The taxpayers who pay the freight would not be permitted to pass an examination for dog catcher.

Poor men, devoid of education, and with starving families, who are looking for work with a pick and shovel as day laborers, have to go through a civil service examination that would shock the Sultan of Turkey. A daily newspaper printed the following about the absurd questions asked of these poor laboring men by these high-brow reformers who control the aristocracy of office holders in Chicago:

"Ten thousand men who want jobs in the streets, sewers and small parks are being put through an examination by the labor bureau of the Civil Service Commission. Here are some questions that apply:

"How much more does a wheelbarrow of dirt weigh in Jackson Park than on the moon?"

The leading members of every society and club in Chicago read The Eagle.

HATE THOMPSON.

(Continued from first page.)

nate a suitable number of persons, either in or out of the official service of the city, to be examiners, and it shall be the duty of such examiners, and, if in the official service, it shall be a part of their official duty, without extra compensation, to conduct such examination as the commission may direct, and to make return or report thereof to said commission, and the commission may at any time substitute any other person, whether or not in such service, in the place of any one so selected; and the commission may themselves at any time act as such examiners, and without appointing examiners. The examiners at any examination shall not all be members of the same political party.

The examiners at any examination shall not be members of the same political party.

What a joke. Many examinations are conducted by one "examiner."

There is jail in sight for some of the gang.

Section 34 of the law says: Sec. 34. Penalties. Any person who shall wilfully, or through culpable negligence, violate any of the provisions of this act, or any rule promulgated in accordance with the provisions thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not exceeding six months, or both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Section 38, provides that before this act can go into effect the votes of the city must approve of it at an election. The voters of Chicago have approved of it. No amendment passed by the legislature can go into effect until that amendment is also approved at an election by the legal voters of Chicago.

The City Council has no right to appropriate one cent for the Civil Service expenses outside of the amount provided for by the law itself. Section 19 of the law provides:

Sec. 19. Appropriations. A sufficient sum of money shall be appropriated each year by each city which shall adopt this act, to carry out the provisions of this act in such city. In such cities as shall have already made the annual appropriation for municipal purposes for the current fiscal year, the mayor is authorized

and required to pay the salaries and expenses as herein provided for such fiscal year out of the moneys appropriated for contingent purposes by such municipality, or out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated.

The provision of the act Section 18, limiting salaries and expenses is quoted above.

The City Council has defied the law by voting money in defiance of the law to a commission which violated the law.

Three of Chicago's election bills were reported out at a rush meeting of the elections committee. One was the election commissioners' bill, making possible permanent registrations, which came out without recommendation. The Burns bill, making compulsory the services of judges and clerks, was favorably recommended. The Ryan bill, increasing the pay of the judges and clerks from \$5 to \$7 a day, was amended so as to give the increase only on the days of general elections and general primaries.

Plans whereby the Chicago and Milwaukee Electric Railroad will be able to operate its cars over the Northwestern Elevated Railway tracks to a station at Kinzie street are expected to be consummated shortly.

President Britton I. Budd of the Elevated Railways Company said yesterday much progress had been made, and that in his opinion the plan would be successful.

"Eventually, I believe, the Milwaukee line will have the Kinzie street stub," he added. "The matter of equipment is one of the main problems to be determined but so far there have been no hitches."

It is understood that the Milwaukee Electric would operate under similar conditions to those governing the Aurora, Elgin and Chicago Railroad, which enters the city over the Metropolitan tracks.

Denouncing the school authorities for refusing to permit an investigation, the City Council subcommittee on schools adopted a resolution calling on Mayor Thompson to request the Board of Education to reconsider the request of the council for information and data.

"The refusal of the school board to grant our request and the actions of Mr. Otis toward our chairman, Alderman Buck, show that somebody wants to 'duck' an investigation," declared Alderman De Priest. "It is merely a

subterfuge to prevent an examination by us."

"The attitude of the school board was tinged with hostility toward the council," said Chairman Buck. "This attitude is entirely unjustified. I cannot understand the stand taken by the board, especially Mr. Otis and Mr. Peterson, who have said that this subcommittee is dominated by the Teachers' Federation and that the council does not intend to give the board a fair investigation."

"We were promised the co-operation of the trustees, and now, by a strange reversal, we are denied any information."

Owing to the peculiar situation in which the Corporation Counsel, Richard S. Folsom, stands toward the school board, which abolished his office as general counsel for the board and cut off his salary of \$7,500, Alderman Buck was authorized to get legal advice elsewhere, if he deemed it advisable.

"City Comptroller Pike and Captain Coffin of the Civil Service Commission have stated that we cannot pay J. L. Jacobs, our expert, out of the funds appropriated by the city for this investigation," Alderman De Priest said. "Mr. Jacobs is under suspension from the city's service by the civil service board, and we may need legal advice to handle this matter."

"This situation shows that the books of any municipality should be open to the inspection of any reputable citizen, or body," said Alderman McCormick, "whether it is the City Council, the Board of Education, the County Board or the Sanitary District."

Mayor Thompson took a slap at the engineers who recently reported to the Chicago Real Estate Board that Chicago's sewage disposal system was inadequate and must be supplemented by artificial disposal plants.

"They say the water is murky and that it must be filtered," said he, "and that we wasted more water than any other city. We are glad to have lots of water and waste it, for it makes Chicago a cleaner and healthier city. I doubt if Chicago's water supply could be improved by cutting down on the quantity and filtering the rest."

An interesting newspaper poll of the 7,000 Chicago lawyers shows how the wind blows.

Fifty-three candidates in all were voted for.

Thomas G. Windes of the Circuit Court, got a great tribute from the members of the bar in the vote taken among lawyers by the Chicago Herald. His high character as a judge is appreciated. The Herald's poll showed Judge Pinckney as a favorite, leading the list.

Judge Kiekham Scanlan, Judge Lockwood Honore, Judge Edward Osgood Brown, Judge George Kersten, Judge John Gibbons and Judge John P. McGorty, all sitting judges, were all top notches in the big vote polled. So were Charles M. Walker, Richard S. Tuthill and Frank Baker.

John E. Owens, Joseph Sabath, J. C. Martin, Donald R. Richberg and McKenzie Cleland were big favorites among the judicial candidates not now on the circuit bench.

Judge Theodore Brentano of course, had a walkaway as the choice for the Superior bench to succeed himself. He had no opposition to speak of.

The Bar Association vote was practically the same as the Herald's poll.

The Civil Service law provides for an expenditure of \$5,000 by the city Civil Service Commission for special help. Over \$100,000 has been expended annually in violation of the law.

Firemen and policemen are entitled to pensions. They risk their lives for the public. Political bums, who risk nothing and do nothing for the public, should not be pensioned.

Violating of the law is a fine feature of Civil Service "reform" in Chicago.



THOMAS TAYLOR, JR.
Republican Candidate for Circuit Judge.



ORRIN N. CARTER.
Candidate for Re-Election as Judge of the Supreme Court.